Systems of Care for Children's Behavioral Health

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Alaska Behavioral Health Roadmap Steering Committee

Background and Expertise







PERSONAL NAVIGATION EXPERIENCE IMPLEMENTATION AND POLICY EXPERIENCE ACADEMIC AND RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Our Family's Story



What is the role of systems of care in children's behavioral health?

HISTORY OF SYSTEM OF CARE (SOC)

ELEMENTS OF A SYSTEM OF CARE

PRACTICAL ASPECTS IN SYSTEM OF CARE DESIGN

BENEFITS AND CHALLENGES IN SYSTEM OF CARE DESIGN

QUESTIONS TO ASK WHEN DESIGNING A SYSTEM OF CARE

Where did the system of care concept originate?

- Beth Stroul and Robert Friedman introduced the concept in 1986
 - unmet youth mental health needs
 - lack of community services
 - overuse of excessively restrictive settings
 - lack of cross-agency coordination
 - lack of youth and family partnership

definition

• Widely accepted and implemented

history

• Large body of evaluation and research literature demonstrating effectiveness

practical

aspects

benefits and

challenges

questions to

ask

• Improved and updated, first in 2010 and most recently in 2021

What is a system of care?

A <u>comprehensive spectrum of effective services and supports</u> for children, youth, and young adults with or at risk for mental health or other challenges and their families that is organized into a <u>coordinated network of care</u>, builds meaningful partnerships with families and youth, and is culturally and linguistically responsive, in order to help them to thrive at home, in school, in the community, and throughout life.

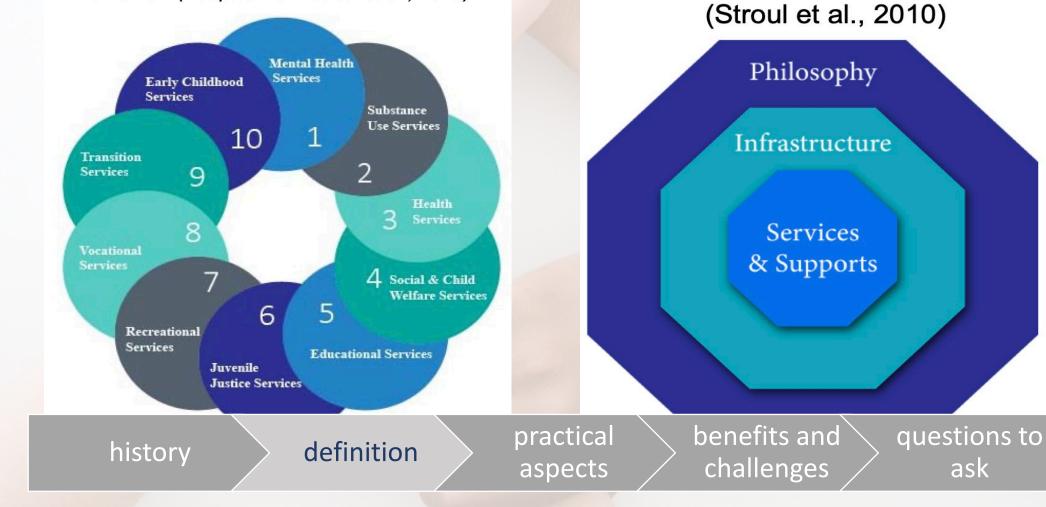
Stroul, B.A., Blau, G.M., & Larsen, J. (2021). The Evolution of the System of Care Approach. Baltimore: The Institute for Innovation and Implementation, School of Social Work, University of Maryland.



How is a system of care conceptualized?

Figure 2. Elements of SOCs

Figure 1. Dimensions of the System of Care Framework (Adapted from Stroul et al., 2010)



What is a system of care philosophy?

CORE VALUES

- 1. Family and Youth Driven
- 2. Community Based
- 3. Culturally andLinguisticallyCompetent

history

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- 1. Comprehensive Array of Services and Supports
- 2. Individualized, Strengths-Based Services and Supports
- 3. Evidence-Based Practices and Practice-Based Evidence
- 4. Trauma-Informed
- 5. Least Restrictive Natural Environment
- 6. Partnerships with Families and Youth
- 7. Interagency Collaboration
- 8. Care Coordination
- 9. Physical Health-Mental Health Integration
- 10. Developmentally Appropriate Services and Supports
- 11. Public Health Approach
- 12. Mental Health Equity
- 13. Data Driven and Accountability
- 14. Rights Protection and Advocacy

definition

practical aspects benefits and challenges questions to ask

What is a system of care infrastructure?

- partnership with families and youth
- defined access/entry points to care
- financing (infrastructure, services, supports)
- interagency partnerships/agreements

- sufficient provider network
- process for workforce development/training
- quality management, accountability & improvement
 process
- strategic planning/resolving barriers

history definition		practical aspects		benefits and challenges		questions to ask	
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What are system of care services?

practical

aspects

- Home and Community-Based Treatment and Support Services
 - Screening, assessment, diagnosis
 - Outpatient therapy
 - Care coordination
 - Crisis response and stabilization

definition

- Peer support
- School-based services
- Respite services
- Transportation

history

And many, many more

- Residential Interventions
 - Treatment family homes
 - Therapeutic group homes
 - Inpatient services

benefits and

challenges

- Residential treatment
- Promotion, Prevention and Early Intervention
- Specialized Services for Transition Age Youth and Young Children/Families

questions to

ask

What are practical lessons from other states?

practical

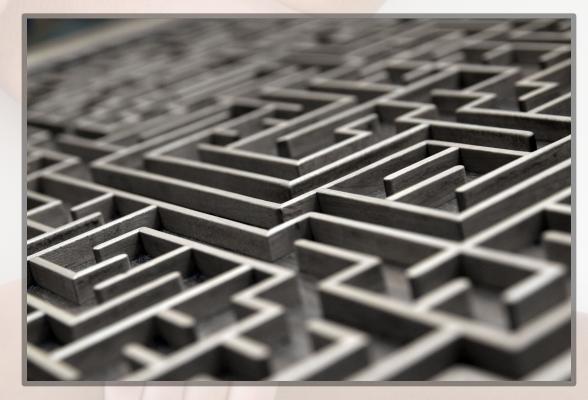
aspects

- No wrong door to access
- Complexity is hidden

history

- Infrastructure vs. Services
- Medicaid as funder, not designer
- Families/youth are full partners
- Person-centered data/evaluation
- Actionable implementation plan

definition



questions to

ask

benefits and

challenges

What are the challenges and benefits?

practical

aspects



definition

history

- Complex needs and complex systems/programs
- Access points and connections
- Evaluation can be challenging
- Data-driven, family/youth-centered, community-focused

questions to

ask

- Flexible and adaptable concept
- More positive outcomes

benefits and

challenges

What should be considered in SOC design?

- How will service access differ based on community/region?
- What is the difference between accessing a service (medical necessity or other criteria) and accessing the system?
- What services are needed and how can they be funded?
- How will families/youth be included as partners in the design, implementation and evaluation process?

practical

aspects

benefits and

challenges

questions to

ask

• What are the infrastructure priorities and how can they be addressed?

definition

history

References:

Stroul, B. (2002). Issue brief: Systems of care: A framework for system reform in children's mental health. Georgetown University Child Development Center, National Technical Assistance Center for Children's Mental Health.

Stroul, B. A., Blau, G. M., & Friedman, R. M. (2010). Updating the System of Care concept and philosophy. Georgetown University Center for Child and Human Development, National Technical Assistance Center for Children's Mental Health.

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