## Alaska Obesity Prevention and Control: Student Weight Status

### **ANCHORAGE SCHOOL DISTRICT**

#### 2016-2017 District Summary

Over the 2016-17 school year, Anchorage School District staff measured the height and weight of 19,379 students (86% of all enrolled) in grades K, 1, 3, 5, 7, and 10. With measurement results scaled to represent the enrolled population for each grade:

- 17.3% of students were overweight (BMI 85<sup>th</sup> to <95<sup>th</sup> percentile)
- 19.1% of students were obese (BMI ≥95<sup>th</sup> percentile)
- 6.9% of students were severely obese with a BMI ≥120% of the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile
- The prevalence of obesity was significantly higher among male students (20.3%) than among females (17.9%).

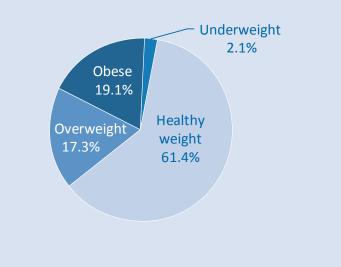


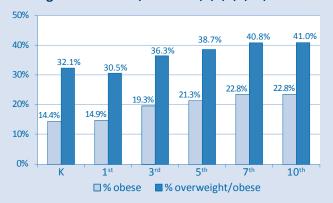
Figure 1: Student Weight Status among ASD Students,

Grades K,1,3,5,7,10, 2016-2017

#### Weight Status by Grade

The percentage of students either overweight or obese was highest amongst 10th-grade students, while the prevalence of obesity alone was highest in 7th- and 10th-grade students. These percentages were lowest among 1st-grade and Kindergarten students, respectively. Over 30% of students were either overweight or obese in all grades sampled, placing them at higher risk for weight related diseases such as type 2 diabetes, heart disease, and other chronic diseases<sup>1</sup>.

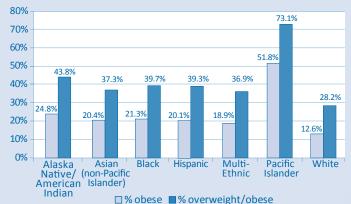
Figure 2: Prevalence of Overweight and Obesity, by Grade, among ASD Students, Grades K,1,3,5,7,10, 2016-2017



#### **Disparities in Weight Status**

Reporting by race allows us to identify racial **Figure** disparities in order to address and reduce them. The prevalence of overweight/obesity was significantly lower among white students (28.2%) than among students of other races and ethnicities (ranging from 37.3% to 73.1%). The highest disparities were found among American Indian/Alaska Native students (43.8%) and Pacific Islander students (73.1%). Enrollment in school meal programs is a proxy measure of low socioeconomic status (SES). Overweight/obesity prevalence was significantly higher among low-SES students (43.8%) than among higher-SES students (29.1%) (see Table 4).





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### PREVALENCE OF OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY (WITH 95% CONFIDENCE INTERVALS) ASD STUDENTS, GRADES K, 1, 3, 5, 7 & 10, 2016-17 SCHOOL YEAR

Table 1: Weight Status Overall and by Sex, 2016-2017					
Sex	% Overweight & Obese	% Overweight	% Obese		
Overall	36.5 (34.3-38.7)	17.3 (16.6-18.1)	19.1 (17.6-20.8)		
Male	37.1 (34.9-39.5)	16.9 (15.9-17.8)	20.3 (18.6-22.1)		
Female	35.8 (33.5-38.0)	17.8 (16.9-18.8)	17.9 (16.3-19.7)		
Table 2: Weight Status by Grade, 2016-2017					
Grade	% Overweight & Obese	% Overweight	% Obese		
Kindergarten	32.1 (29.2-35.2)	17.7 (16.2-19.4)	14.4 (12.6-16.5)		
1 <sup>st</sup>	30.5 (27.2-34.0)	15.6 (14.0-17.4)	14.9 (12.6-17.5)		
3 <sup>rd</sup>	36.3 (33.9-38.8)	17.0 (15.9-18.3)	19.3 (17.3-21.4)		
5 <sup>th</sup>	38.7 (36.2-41.2)	17.4 (16.2-18.7)	21.3 (19.3-23.3)		
7 <sup>th</sup>	40.8 (36.1-45.7)	18.1 (16.6-19.7)	22.8 (19.3-26.6)		
10 <sup>th</sup>	41.0 (35.6-46.7)	18.2 (16.1-20.6)	22.8 (19.4-26.7)		
K-8 combined*	35.6 (33.4-37.9)	17.2 (16.4-17.9)	18.4 (16.8-20.2)		

\* Overweight and obesity prevalence for grades K-8 combined are comparable to the Healthy Alaskans 2020 Statewide Leading Health Indicators.

Race/Ethnicity	% Overweight & Obese	% Overweight	% Obese
Alaska Native / American Indian	43.8 (41.5-46.2)	19.1 (17.0-21.4)	24.8 (22.3-27.4)
Asian (non-Pacific Islander)	37.3 (34.8-39.9)	16.9 (15.2-18.6)	20.4 (18.8-22.2)
Black	39.7 (36.7-42.7)	18.4 (16.4-20.6)	21.3 (18.5-24.4)
Hispanic	39.3 (36.0-42.6)	19.2 (17.1-21.4)	20.1 (18.0-22.4)
Multi-ethnic	36.9 (34.3-39.5)	18.0 (16.5-19.7)	18.9 (17.2-20.6)
Pacific Islander	73.1 (69.5-76.4)	21.2 (18.9-23.8)	51.8 (48.5-55.1)
White	28.2 (26.5-30.0)	15.6 (14.8-16.5)	12.6 (11.3-14.0)

<sup>+</sup> Reporting by race allows us to identify racial disparities in order to address and reduce them.

#### Table 4: Weight Status by Student Socioeconomic Status (SES), 2016-2017§

Student SES	% Overweight & Obese	% Overweight	% Obese
Free/Reduced Lunch Enrolled	43.8 (41.7-45.9)	19.0 (18.2-19.9)	24.8 (23.1-26.5)
Non-Enrolled Students	29.1 (27.6-30.7)	15.6 (14.9-16.4)	13.5 (12.3-14.8)

<sup>§</sup> Enrollment in free- and reduced-price meal programs is a proxy measure of low socioeconomic status.

#### Table 5: Weight Status by School Year

School Year	% Overweight & Obese	% Overweight	% Obese
2006-07	35.5 (33.7-37.3)	17.2 (16.5-18.0)	18.3 (16.9-19.7)
2007-08	36.3 (34.5-38.1)	17.9 (17.2-18.7)	18.4 (17.1-19.8)
2008-09	36.5 (34.4-38.7)	18.0 (17.3-18.8)	18.5 (16.9-20.2)
2009-10	35.7 (33.8-37.6)	17.2 (16.4-17.9)	18.5 (17.0-20.1)
2010-11	36.0 (34.2-38.0)	17.4 (16.6-18.2)	18.6 (17.1-20.2)
2011-12	35.9 (34.0-37.9)	17.6 (16.8-18.4)	18.4 (16.9-19.9)
2012-13	35.5 (33.5-37.6)	16.9 (16.1-17.7)	18.7 (17.2-20.2)
2013-14	35.3 (33.0-37.6)	16.8 (16.0-17.7)	18.4 (16.8-20.2)
2014-15	36.3 (34.3-38.5)	17.2 (16.4-18.0)	19.2 (17.5-20.9)
2015-16	36.8 (34.7-38.9)	17.2 (16.6-17.9)	19.6 (17.8-21.4)
2016-17	36.5 (34.3-38.7)	17.3 (16.6-18.1)	19.1 (17.6-20.8)

Percentages may not sum precisely due to rounding.

**Reference:** <sup>1</sup>Institute of Medicine (2005). Committee on Prevention of Obesity in Children and Youth. Preventing childhood obesity: health in balance. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.



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