State of Alaska

Induced Termination of Pregnancy Statistics 2013

Alaska Department of Health and Social Services Bureau of Vital Statistics



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Alaska Induced Termination of Pregnancy Statistics 2013

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Introductio	Dn	. 4
Data Repo	rting Issues	. 5
Executive	Summary	6
Table 1a	Number of Induced Terminations by Residency of Woman	. 7
Table 1b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Residency of Woman	. 7
Table 2a	Number of Induced Terminations by Race of Woman	. 7
Table 2b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Race of Woman	. 7
Table 3a	Number of Induced Terminations by Age Group of Woman	. 8
Table 3b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Age Group of Woman	
Table 4a	Number of Induced Terminations by Education of Woman	. 9
Table 4b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Education of Woman	. 9
Table 5a	Number of Induced Terminations by Previous Live Birth	. 9
Table 5b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Previous Live Birth	. 9
Table 6a	Number of Induced Terminations by Previous Induced Terminations	10
Table 6b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Previous Induced Terminations	10
Table 7a	Number of Induced Terminations by Marital Status of Woman	10
Table 7b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Marital Status of Woman	10
Table 8a	Number of Induced Terminations by Estimated Gestation	11
Table 8b	Percentage of Induced Terminations by Estimated Gestation.	11
Table 9	Number of Induced Terminations by Race and Age	12
Table 10	Induced Terminations by Age and Percentage by Race	12
Table 11	Induced Terminations by Race and Percentage by Age	12
Table 12	Number of Induced Terminations by Marital Status and Age.	13
Table 13	Induced Terminations by Age and Percentage by Marital Status	13
Table 14	Induced Terminations by Marital Status and Percentage by Age	13
Table 15	Number of Induced Terminations by Type of Procedure and Weeks of Gestation	14
Table 16	Induced Terminations by Type of Procedure and Percentage by Weeks of	
	Gestation	14
Table 17	Induced Terminations by Weeks of Gestation and Percentage by Type of	
	Procedure	14
Table 18	Number of Induced Terminations by Payment Type and Age	15
Table 19	Induced Terminations by Payment Type and Percentage by Age Group	15
Table 20	Induced Terminations by Age Group and Percentage by Payment Type	15
Table 21	Induced Terminations by Method of Payment and Race	16
Table 22	Induced Terminations by Method of Payment and Percentage by Race	16
Table 23	Induced Terminations by Race and Percentage by Method of Payment	16
Table 24	Number of Induced Terminations by Payment Type and Marital Status	17
Table 25	Induced Terminations by Payment Type and Percentage by Marital Status	17
Table 26	Induced Terminations by Marital Status and Percentage by Payment Type	17
	A: Definitions	18
Appendix	B: Sample of Induced Termination of Pregnancy Report Form	20

Introduction

Alaska Induced Termination of Pregnancy Statistics, 2013, published by the Bureau of Vital Statistics of the Alaska Department of Health and Social Services, contains information about induced terminations that occurred in Alaska during calendar year 2013.

Why is induced termination reporting important? Induced termination data can be used to:

- Monitor trends in the number, rate, and ratio of induced terminations.
- Assess changes in the types of procedures used to end a pregnancy and the gestational age (in weeks) when induced terminations are performed.
- Calculate pregnancy rates.
- Identify the characteristics of women who may be at risk for unintended pregnancy.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of family planning programs and programs to prevent unintended pregnancy.

Unintended pregnancy refers to pregnancies that are unwanted or when the mother wanted to be pregnant at a later date. In Alaska, 38.7 percent of all pregnancies that resulted in a live birth were unintended during 2011¹. In the U.S., it is estimated that 49 percent of pregnancies are unintended with about half of these pregnancies ended by an induced termination². Thus reducing the number of unintended pregnancies would likely reduce the number of induced terminations.

Alaska has followed the recent national trend in birth rates. From 2003 to 2012, the fertility rate in Alaska has increased 1.6 percent, while the teen birth rate declined 11.6 percent. However, birth rates are based only on the number of live births and may change as a result of the rate at which women become pregnant, the rate at which pregnancies are ended in an induced termination, or a combination of both. Induced termination reporting can provide a better understanding of which factors are driving the birth rate in Alaska.

¹ Alaska Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (PRAMS), Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health, 2011 data.

² Henshaw SK, Unintended Pregnancy in the United States, Family Planning Perspectives, 1998, 30(1):24–29 & 46.

Reporting Issues

The information in this report is based on induced termination of pregnancy reports received by the Bureau of Vital Statistics as of February 18, 2014. A copy of the form used to report induced termination of pregnancies is located in Appendix B. Definitions of the terms used in this report are located in Appendix A. In this report, the term induced termination of pregnancy is used synonymously with induced termination.

In Alaska, reports of induced terminations of pregnancy are mandated by AS 18.50.245. Hospitals, clinics, or other institutions where an induced termination is performed are required to submit a report to the Bureau. The report cannot contain the name of the patient, but must contain information similar to the United States Standard Report of Induced Termination of Pregnancy, as published by the National Center for Health Statistics. Reports of induced terminations are strictly confidential and must be destroyed after preparing the annual report.

Alaska Statutes also require that any reports produced from induced termination of pregnancy forms may only be presented in aggregate form so that specific individuals may not be identified. Furthermore, the report may not identify or provide information that can be used to identify the name of the physician who performed the induced termination, the name of the facility where the induced termination occurred, or the name of the municipality or community in which the induced termination occurred. Because of the reporting guidelines outlined in state statutes, induced termination statistics by borough or census area are not available for publication.

This report contains information on induced terminations that occurred in Alaska. In the past several years over 200 Alaska women on average obtained induced terminations out of state. For example, 161 Alaska women obtained induced terminations in Washington State during 2012³. It is unknown how many Alaska women obtained induced terminations in states other than Washington. Since the out of state occurrence data is incomplete, it is not included in this report.

Pregnancy rates are based on the total number of live births, induced terminations, and fetal deaths per 1,000 women of childbearing age. Currently, population estimates for 2013 are unavailable, so pregnancy rates cannot be calculated. Additionally, as birth data for 2013 is preliminary, pregnancy rates cannot be calculated. The induced termination information for 2013, however, is final. Information on pregnancy rates, induced termination rates, and induced termination ratios is posted on the Bureau's web site; <u>http://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/VitalStats/Pages/default.aspx</u>.

In 2005, Alaska law and regulations were amended to change the reporting requirements for induced terminations of pregnancy and to add a section relating to informed consent when conducting induced terminations. The changes to state law require the Department of Health and Social Services (DHSS) to maintain a web site containing information on fetal development, induced termination, pregnancy, and family planning. The web site also has resources associated with pregnancy-related social and health services in Alaska. The informed consent web site is located at http://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/wcfh/Pages/informedconsent/default.aspx. Second, the Bureau of Vital Statistics is required to monitor whether the unidentified patient requested and received a written copy of the information required to be maintained on the Internet. The regulations took effect midnight August 21, 2005.

³Center for Health Statistics, Washington State Department of Health. Washington State Pregnancy and Induced Abortion Statistics.

Executive Summary

- A total of 1,450 induced terminations were reported in Alaska in 2013, with Alaska residents accounting for 93.9 percent of the induced terminations that occurred in Alaska. This is an decrease of 11.2 percent from the 1,629 induced terminations reported in 2012.
- In Alaska, 63.0 percent of women who obtained an induced termination in 2013 reported they had no previous induced terminations. 13.1 percent of women reported that they had two or more previous induced terminations.
- 45.7 percent of the women who obtained induced terminations in 2013 were less than 25 years of age. In the most recent year for which national data are available (2010), 47.9 percent of women who obtained an induced termination were less than 25 years of age⁴.
- Young teens (age 15 to 17 years) accounted for 4.7 percent of all induced terminations in Alaska during 2013, an increase of 23.4 percent from 2012.
- Teens (age 15 to 19 years) received 13.0 percent of the induced terminations in 2013. In 2010, 14.6 percent of women in the U.S. who obtained an induced termination were 19 or under.
- In Alaska, 77.0 percent (excluding unknown responses) of women who obtained an induced termination in 2013 were unmarried. In the U.S., the most recent information shows 85.3 percent of women who obtained an induced termination were unmarried.
- In 2013, 50.1 percent of women who obtained an induced termination in Alaska reported they had one or more previous live births. Nationally, 59.7 percent of U.S. women who received an induced termination in 2010 reported they had one or more previous live births.
- More than eight of every 10 (88.6 percent) induced terminations in Alaska were performed at 12 weeks or less gestational age. In 2010, 91.9 percent of induced terminations performed in the U.S. involved pregnancies of 13 weeks or less gestational age.
- Suction curettage was the most commonly performed procedure in Alaska at 65.0 percent and Mifepristone (RU-486) was second at 21.4 percent. Curettage (suction curettage, sharp curettage, and dilation and evacuation) procedures were used in 80.8 percent of induced terminations performed in the U.S. during 2010.
- Unmarried, white women age 20 to 29 accounted for 27.4 percent of all induced terminations performed in Alaska during 2013.
- 37.1 percent of all women who obtained induced terminations in Alaska during 2013 reported that they used their own financial resources as the source of payment; 37.7 percent reported that Medicaid was the source of payment.
- In 2013, three induced termination reports in Alaska indicated that the pregnancy was terminated due to the detection of a congenital anomaly.
- Most women (82.3 percent; 92.3 percent excluding unknowns) who undergo an induced termination did not request a copy of the information contained in the informed consent website. However, 8.9 percent (10 percent excluding unknowns) did report receiving a copy of the information contained in the informed consent website.

⁴Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Surveillance Summaries, November 29, 2013. MMWR Vol.62/No.8

Residence State	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Alaska	1,361	1,563	1,574	1,639	1,861
Other State	10	13	11	11	26
Not Stated	79	56	41	66	51
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 1a: Numbers of Induced Terminations by Residency of Woman, 2009-2013

Table 1b: Percentages of Induced Terminations by Residency of Woman, 2009-2013

Residence State	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Alaska	93.9	95.8	96.8	95.5	96.0
Other State	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.6	1.3
Not Stated	5.4	3.4	2.5	3.8	2.6
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Table 2a: Numbers of Induced Terminations by Race of Woman, 2009-2013

Race	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Asian/PI	95	113	133	140	158
Black	87	120	101	135	128
Alaska Native	238	338	337	382	451
White	824	911	938	947	1,076
Other/Not Stated	206	150	117	112	125
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 2b: Percentages of Induced Terminations by Race of Woman, 2009-2013

Race	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Asian/PI	6.6	6.9	8.2	8.2	8.2
Black	6.0	7.4	6.2	7.9	6.6
Alaska Native	16.4	20.7	20.7	22.3	23.3
White	56.8	55.8	57.7	55.2	55.5
Other/Not Stated	14.2	9.2	7.2	6.5	6.4
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Age Group	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Under 15	9	7	7	2	7
15-19	189	244	273	339	340
15-17	68	62	81	111	118
18-19	121	182	192	228	222
20-24	464	570	561	586	637
25-29	384	399	397	395	486
30-34	215	205	205	221	233
35-39	105	143	132	122	173
40-44	38	42	40	44	49
45 and over	4	2	2	0	3
Not Stated	42	20	9	7	10
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 3a: Numbers of Induced Terminations by Age Group of Woman, 2009-2013

Table 3b: Percentages of Induced Terminations by Age Group of Woman, 2009-2013

Age Group	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Under 15	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.4
15-19	13.0	15.0	16.8	19.8	17.5
15-17	4.7	3.8	5.0	6.5	6.1
18-19	8.3	11.2	11.8	13.3	11.5
20-24	32.0	34.9	34.5	34.1	32.9
25-29	26.5	24.4	24.4	23.0	25.1
30-34	14.8	12.6	12.6	12.9	12.0
35-39	7.2	8.8	8.1	7.1	8.9
40-44	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.5
45 and over	0.3	0.1	0.1	0	0.2
Not Stated	2.9	1.2	0.6	0.4	0.5
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Education	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Less than 12 years	184	203	256	302	315
12 years	127	221	596	650	777
13 or more years	556	616	646	697	755
Unknown	583	592	128	67	91
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 4a: Numbers of Induced Terminations by Education of Woman, 2009-2013

Table 4b: Percentages of Induced Terminations by Education of Woman, 2009-2013

Education	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Less than 12 years	12.7	12.4	15.7	17.6	16.3
12 years	8.8	13.5	36.7	37.9	40.1
13 or more years	38.3	37.7	39.7	40.6	39.0
Unknown	40.2	36.3	7.9	3.9	4.7
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Table 5a: Numbers of Induced Terminations By Previous Live Birth, 2009-2013

Previous Live Birth	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
0	606	715	733	772	807
1	306	317	381	384	441
2	223	272	239	289	303
3	110	127	120	144	181
4	42	56	45	55	48
5 or more	45	45	55	49	59
Not Stated	118	100	53	23	99
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 5b: Percentages of Induced Terminations by Previous Live Birth, 2009-2013

Previous Live Birth	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
0	41.8	43.8	45.1	45.0	41.6
1	21.1	19.4	23.4	22.4	22.8
2	15.4	16.7	14.7	16.8	15.6
3	7.6	7.8	7.4	8.4	9.3
4	2.9	3.4	2.8	3.2	2.5
5 or more	3.1	2.8	3.4	2.9	3.0
Not Stated	8.1	6.1	3.3	1.3	5.1
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Previous Induced Termination	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
0	913	967	985	1,093	1,172
1	286	375	390	367	435
2	124	131	153	143	214
3	36	37	36	52	49
4	16	19	9	29	16
5 or more	14	11	9	12	16
Not Stated	61	92	44	20	36
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 6a: Number of Induced Terminations By Previous Induced Terminations, 2009-2013

Table 6b: Percentages of Induced Terminations by Previous Induced Terminations, 09-13

Previous Induced Termination	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
0	63.0	59.3	60.6	63.7	60.5
1	19.7	23.0	24.0	21.4	22.4
2	8.6	8.0	9.4	8.3	11.0
3	2.5	2.3	2.2	3.0	2.5
4	1.1	1.2	0.6	1.7	0.8
5 or more	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8
Not Stated	4.2	5.6	2.7	1.2	1.9
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Table 7a: Number of Induced Terminations By Marital Status of Woman, 2009-2013

Marital Status	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Married	248	268	319	290	366
Unmarried	1,117	1,304	1,257	1,397	1,543
Unknown/Not Stated	85	60	50	29	29
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 7b: Percentages of Induced Terminations by Marital Status of Woman, 2009-2013

Marital Status	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Married	17.1	16.4	19.6	16.9	18.9
Unmarried	77.0	79.9	77.3	81.4	79.6
Unknown/Not Stated	5.9	3.7	3.1	1.7	1.5
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Estimated Gestation	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
1-4	32	20	15	22	30
5-8	863	919	976	1,001	1,154
9-12	390	507	514	571	622
13-16	86	98	79	95	112
17-20	1	0	3	0	3
21-24	0	0	1	0	0
Not Stated	78	88	38	27	17
Total	1,450	1,632	1,626	1,716	1,938

Table 8a: Numbers of Induced Terminationsby Weeks of Estimated Gestation, 2009-2013

Table 8b: Percentages of Induced Terminationsby Weeks of Estimated Gestation, 2009-2013

Estimated Gestation	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
1-4	2.2	1.2	0.9	1.3	1.5
5-8	59.5	56.3	60.0	58.3	59.5
9-12	26.9	31.1	31.6	33.3	32.1
13-16	5.9	6.0	4.9	5.5	5.8
17-20	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2
21-24	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Not Stated	5.4	5.4	2.3	1.6	0.9
Total	100	100	100	100	100

Race	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Asian/PI	95	0	4	7	27	29	13	7	7	1	0
Black	87	0	3	7	31	26	9	5	6	0	0
Alaska Native	238	2	10	23	82	69	38	11	3	0	0
White	824	7	41	65	271	214	134	69	20	3	0
Other/Not Stated	206	0	10	19	53	46	21	13	2	0	42
Total	1,450	9	68	121	464	384	215	105	38	4	42

Table 9: Number of Induced Terminations by Race and Age:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Table 10: Induced Terminations by Age and Percentage by Race:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Race	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Asian/PI	100.0	0.0	4.2	7.4	28.4	30.5	13.7	7.4	7.4	1.1	0.0
Black	100.0	0.0	3.4	8.0	35.6	29.9	10.3	5.7	6.9	0.0	0.0
Alaska Native	100.0	0.8	4.2	9.7	34.5	29.0	16.0	4.6	1.3	0.0	0.0
White	100.0	0.8	5.0	7.9	32.9	26.0	16.3	8.4	2.4	0.4	0.0
Other/Not Stated	100.0	0.0	4.9	9.2	25.7	22.3	10.2	6.3	1.0	0.0	20.4
Total	100.0	0.6	4.7	8.3	32.0	26.5	14.8	7.2	2.6	0.3	2.9

Table 11: Induced Terminations by Race and Percentage by Age:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Race	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Asian/PI	6.9	0.0	1.6	8.2	6.7	6.3	5.4	11.2	7.1	0.0	20.0
Black	7.4	0.0	8.2	11.5	7.6	6.5	7.3	5.6	4.8	0.0	0.0
Alaska Native	20.7	57.1	18.0	19.2	15.7	25.3	25.4	25.2	14.3	0.0	20.0
White	55.7	42.9	55.7	55.5	59.3	51.9	56.6	51.7	66.7	50.0	35.0
Other/Not Stated	9.2	0.0	16.4	5.5	10.7	10.0	5.4	6.3	7.1	50.0	25.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 12: Number of Induced Terminations by Marital Status and Alaska Occurrence, 2013	Age:
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Marital Status	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Married	248	0	1	5	68	63	59	31	18	3	0
Unmarried	1,117	9	65	114	379	315	143	72	19	1	0
Unknown/Not Stated	85	0	2	2	17	6	13	2	1	0	42
Total	1,450	9	68	121	464	384	215	105	38	4	42

Table 13: Induced Terminations by Age and Percentage by Marital StatusAlaska Occurrence, 2013

Marital Status	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Married	100.0	0.0	0.4	2.0	27.4	25.4	23.8	12.5	7.3	1.2	0.0
Unmarried	100.0	0.8	5.8	10.2	33.9	28.2	12.8	6.4	1.7	0.1	0.0
Unknown/Not Stated	100.0	0.0	2.4	2.4	20.0	7.1	15.3	2.4	1.2	0.0	49.4
Total	100.0	0.6	4.7	8.3	32.0	26.5	14.8	7.2	2.6	0.3	2.9

Table 14: Induced Terminations by Marital Status and Percentage by Age:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Marital Status	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Married	17.1	0.0	1.5	4.1	14.7	16.4	27.4	29.5	47.4	75.0	0.0
Unmarried	77.0	100.0	95.6	94.2	81.7	82.0	66.5	68.6	50.0	25.0	0.0
Unknown/Not Stated	5.9	0.0	2.9	1.7	3.7	1.6	6.0	1.9	2.6	0.0	100.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Type of Procedure	Total	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	Not Stated
Dilation and Evacuation (D&E)	164	1	43	71	46	0	0	3
Methotrexate	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Mifepristine (RU-486)	310	20	252	6	0	0	0	32
Sharp Curettage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Suction Curettage	942	10	543	310	39	1	0	39
Other	33	1	24	3	1	0	0	4
Total	1,450	32	863	390	86	1	0	78

Table 15: Number of Induced Terminations by Type of Procedure and
Weeks of Gestation: Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Table 16: Induced Terminations by Type of Procedure and Percentage
by Weeks of Gestation: Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Type of Procedure	Total	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	Not Stated
Dilation and Evacuation (D&E)	11.3	3.1	5.0	18.2	53.5	0.0	0.0	3.8
Methotrexate	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mifepristine (RU-486)	21.4	62.5	29.2	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.0
Sharp Curettage	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Suction Curettage	65.0	31.3	62.9	79.5	45.3	100.0	0.0	50.0
Other	2.3	3.1	2.8	0.8	1.2	0.0	0.0	5.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0	100.0

 Table 17: Induced Terminations by Weeks of Gestation and Percentage by Type of Procedure: Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Type of Procedure	Total	1-4	5-8	9-12	13-16	17-20	21-24	Not Stated
Dilation and Evacuation (D&E)	100.0	0.6	26.2	43.3	28.0	0.0	0.0	1.8
Methotrexate	100.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mifepristine (RU-486)	100.0	6.5	81.3	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.3
Sharp Curettage	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Suction Curettage	100.0	1.1	57.6	32.9	4.1	0.1	0.0	4.1
Other	100.0	3.0	72.7	9.1	3.0	0.0	0.0	12.1
Total	100.0	2.2	59.5	26.9	5.9	0.1	0.0	5.4

Payment Type	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Cash	538	2	17	55	174	147	80	43	18	2	0
Insurance	75	1	6	4	21	18	17	5	3	0	0
Medicaid	547	5	28	44	179	149	74	34	8	1	25
Multiple Payment Sources	42	0	4	1	14	14	5	3	1	0	0
Other/Not Stated	248	1	13	17	76	56	39	20	8	1	17
Total	1,450	9	68	121	464	384	215	105	38	4	42

Table 18: Number of Induced Terminations by Method of Payment and Age:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Table 19: Induced Terminations by Method of Payment and Percentage by Age:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Payment Type	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Cash	37.1	22.2	25.0	45.5	37.5	38.3	37.2	41.0	47.4	50.0	0.0
Insurance	5.2	11.1	8.8	3.3	4.5	4.7	7.9	4.8	7.9	0.0	0.0
Medicaid	37.7	55.6	41.2	36.4	38.6	38.8	34.4	32.4	21.1	25.0	59.5
Multiple Payment Sources	2.9	0.0	5.9	0.8	3.0	3.6	2.3	2.9	2.6	0.0	0.0
Other/Not Stated	17.1	11.1	19.1	14.0	16.4	14.6	18.1	19.0	21.1	25.0	40.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 20: Induced Terminations by Age and Percentage by Method of Payment:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Payment Type	Total	<15	15-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45+	Not Stated
Cash	100.0	0.4	3.2	10.2	32.3	27.3	14.9	8.0	3.3	0.4	0.0
Insurance	100.0	1.3	8.0	5.3	28.0	24.0	22.7	6.7	4.0	0.0	0.0
Medicaid	100.0	0.9	5.1	8.0	32.7	27.2	13.5	6.2	1.5	0.2	4.6
Multiple Payment Sources	100.0	0.0	9.5	2.4	33.3	33.3	11.9	7.1	2.4	0.0	0.0
Other/Not Stated	100.0	0.4	5.2	6.9	30.6	22.6	15.7	8.1	3.2	0.4	6.9
Total	100.0	0.6	4.7	8.3	32.0	26.5	14.8	7.2	2.6	0.3	2.9

Payment Type	Total	Alaska Native	Asian/PI	Black	White	Other/Not Stated
Cash	538	51	33	28	357	69
Insurance	75	4	5	6	54	6
Medicaid	547	143	31	35	264	74
Multiple Payment Sources	42	6	4	4	22	6
Other/Not Stated	248	34	22	14	127	51
Total	1,450	238	95	87	824	206

Table 21: Number of Induced Terminations by Method of Paymentand Race: Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Table 22: Induced Terminations by Method of Payment and Percentage by Race:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Payment Type	Total	Alaska Native	Asian/PI	Black	White	Other/Not Stated
Cash	37.1	21.4	34.7	32.2	43.3	33.5
Insurance	5.2	1.7	5.3	6.9	6.6	2.9
Medicaid	37.7	60.1	32.6	40.2	32.0	35.9
Multiple Payment Sources	2.9	2.5	4.2	4.6	2.7	2.9
Other/Not Stated	17.1	14.3	23.2	16.1	15.4	24.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 23: Induced Terminations by Race and Percentage by Method of Payment:Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Payment Type	Total	Alaska Native	Asian/PI	Black	White	Other/Not Stated
Cash	100.0	9.5	6.1	5.2	66.4	12.8
Insurance	100.0	5.3	6.7	8.0	72.0	8.0
Medicaid	100.0	26.1	5.7	6.4	48.3	13.5
Multiple Payment Sources	100.0	14.3	9.5	9.5	52.4	14.3
Other/Not Stated	100.0	13.7	8.9	5.6	51.2	20.6
Total	100.0	16.4	6.6	6.0	56.8	14.2

Table 24: Number of Induced Terminations by Method of Payment and Marital Status: Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Payment Type	Total	Married	Unmarried	Unknown/Not Stated
Cash	538	111	410	17
Insurance	75	20	55	0
Medicaid	547	74	433	40
Multiple Payment Sources	42	7	34	1
Other/Not Stated	248	36	185	27
Total	1,450	248	1,117	85

Table 25: Induced Terminations by Method of Payment and Percentage
by Marital Status: Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Payment Type	Total	Married	Unmarried	Unknown/Not Stated
Cash	37.1	44.8	36.7	20.0
Insurance	5.2	8.1	4.9	0.0
Medicaid	37.7	29.8	38.8	47.1
Multiple Payment Sources	2.9	2.8	3.0	1.2
Other/Not Stated	17.1	14.5	16.6	31.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Table 26: Induced Terminations by Marital Status and Percentageby Method of Payment: Alaska Occurrence, 2013

Payment Type	Total	Married	Unmarried	Unknown/Not Stated
Cash	100.0	20.6	76.2	3.2
Insurance	100.0	26.7	73.3	0.0
Medicaid	100.0	13.5	79.2	7.3
Multiple Payment Sources	100.0	16.7	81.0	2.4
Other/Not Stated	100.0	14.5	74.6	10.9
Total	100.0	17.1	77.0	5.9

Appendix A: Definitions

Gestational Age - The number of weeks between the first day of the last menstrual period and the date of delivery or the end of the pregnancy. This report uses the physician's estimate of gestational age.

Induced Termination of Pregnancy - The purposeful interruption of pregnancy with the intention other than to produce a live-born infant or to remove a dead fetus, and which does not result in a live birth.

Induced Termination Procedures:

Dilation and Evacuation (D&E) - a procedure that is generally used after 12 weeks of gestation and is usually done on an outpatient basis. Dilation and Evacuation may involve a combination of vacuum aspiration, dilation and curettage (D&C), and the use of surgical instruments (such as forceps).

Hysterectomy - a surgical procedure in which the uterus is removed either with the fetus inside or after the fetus has been removed. It is rarely performed in association with an induced termination, and then only when a pathological condition of the uterus (such as fibroid tumors) or an emergency warrants its removal.

Hysterotomy - a surgical procedure that involves surgical entry into the uterus (as in a cesarean section) and the removal of a fetus that is too small to survive, even with extraordinary life support measures. Hysterotomy is rarely performed and then only if other induced termination procedures fail.

Mifepristone (also known as RU-486) - usually used along with a prostaglandin for ending pregnancies of up to 49 days gestation. The administration of mifepristone causes the placenta to detach from the uterine wall. A second drug (misoprostol) is given two days later to induce uterine contractions, expelling the products of conception.

Methotrexate - interferes with the vitamin folic acid and kills rapidly growing cells. It is also used for the nonsurgical treatment of ectopic pregnancies (when fertilized eggs grow outside the uterus). Methotrexate is administered by injection and is followed 5 to 7 days later with misoprostol to stimulate uterine contractions.

Saline/Prostaglandin (Intrauterine Instillation) - rarely used procedures that involve either withdrawing a portion of amniotic fluid from the uterine cavity by a needle inserted through the abdominal wall and replacing this fluid with a concentrated salt solution (known as saline instillation) or injecting a prostaglandin (a substance with hormone-like activity) into the amniotic sac (known as intra-uterine prostaglandin instillation). Both processes induce labor, resulting in the expulsion of the fetus.

Sharp Curettage (Dilation and Curettage, D&C) - requires the dilation (temporary widening) of the cervix (the uterine opening). The fetal and placental tissues are then scraped out with a curette, which resembles a small spoon.

Suction Curettage (Vacuum Aspiration) - a frequently performed procedure that is generally used in the first 12 weeks of gestation (the first trimester). This procedure is done on an outpatient basis and may be done in a physician's office or a clinic.

After the cervix is dilated, a flexible cannula (a small, hollow tube) is inserted into the uterus through the cervix. The tube is attached to a pump, which is used to evacuate the uterine contents through the cannula.

Spontaneous Abortion - The loss of a fetus during pregnancy due to natural causes.

Appendix B: Sample of Induced Termination of Pregnancy Report Form

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND SOCIAL SERVICES REPORT OF INDUCED TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY

1) PATIENT'S 2)DATE OF PREGNANCY TERMINATION 3) CITY WHERE TERMINATION OF PREGANCY OCCURRED AGE (MM/DD/YY) 3) CITY WHERE TERMINATION OF PREGANCY OCCURRED					
//					
4) PATIENT'S ETHNICITY	5) PATIENT'S R	ACE	6) CITY AND STA	TE WHERE	PATIENT RESIDES
 NON-HISPANIC MEXICAN PUERTO RICAN CUBAN CENTRAL OR SOUTH AMERICAN OTHER OR UNKNOWN HISPANIC 	 NATIVE AI AMERICA ASIAN NATIVE H PACIFIC IS OTHER 	N INDIAN IAWAIIAN OR OTHER			GRADE COMPLETED) COLLEGE (1-4 OR 5+)
PREVIOUS PREGNANCIES (COMPLETE EACH SECTION. DO NOT LEAVE BLANK.)					
9) NUMBER OF PREVIOUS LIVE BIRTHS 10) NUMBER OF PREVIOUS SPONTANEOUS ABORTIONS					
9A) NOW LIVING 9B) NOW DEAD	NUMBER	□	NONE		
NUMBER NUMBER 11) NUMBER OF PREVIOUS INDUCED TERMINATIONS OF PREGNANCIES					
NUMBER NONE					
12) PHYSICIAN'S ESTIMATE OF GESTA	E LAST NORMAL N DD/YY)	IENSES BEGAN	14) METHO	D OF PAYMENT	
COMPLETED WEEKS		_//			EDICAID ISURANCE THER SPECIFY)
15) PRIMARY PROCEDURE USED TO TERMINATE PREGNANCY		16) WAS THIS TERMINATION ELECTED DUE TO THE DETECTION OF A CONGENITAL ANOMALY?			
(CHECK ONE ONLY)					
15A) 🔲 SUCTION CURETTAGE		16B) TYPE OF CONGENITAL ANOMALY			
15B) DILATION AND EVACUATION					
15C) SHARP CURETTAGE		CHROMOSOMAL ANOMALY YE			
15E)		NEURAL TUBE DEFE			
15F) I HYSTERECTOMY		HEART ANOMALY	YES	_	
15G) HYSTEROTOMY					
		OTHER	YES		
15I) D METHOTREXATE 15J) OTHER (SPECIFY)		(SPECIFY)			
I ☐ YES ☐ NO PATIENT REQUESTED A COPY OF THE INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE MAINTAINED ON THE INTERNET UNDER AS 18.05.032					
□ YES □ NO PATIENT RECEIVED A WRITTEN COPY OF THE INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE MAINTAINED ON THE INTERNET UNDER AS 18.05.032					

PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT

06-1566 (July 2005)